

SCIENCE: LOOKING AT ANIMALS (SPRING 2)

Key Vocabulary – Food groups

Herbivores

Only eats plants



Carnivores

Only eats other animals



Omnivores

eats both plants and animals.



Must know knowledge:

Mammals – hair or **fur**, they give milk to babies and **don't lay eggs**.

Birds – **feathers**, beak, wings to **fly** and lays **eggs**.

Reptiles – dry **scales**, mostly lives on land and **lays eggs**.

Amphibians – soft wet skin, lays **eggs** and can live **underwater** and on **land**.

Fish – scales, lives **underwater**, lays eggs and has **gills** to breathe.

Nocturnal animals **sleep** or **hide** away during the **day**. They have **big ears** and **eyes** to find their food in the **dark**.

There are **three food groups**: **herbivores**, **carnivores** and **omnivores**. Most **people** are **omnivores**.

Working Scientifically

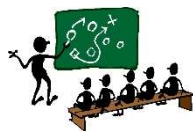
To observe and compare.



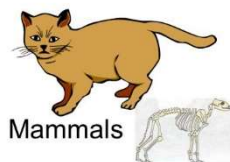
To classify.



To plan a fair test.

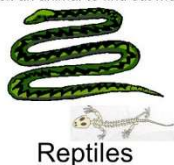
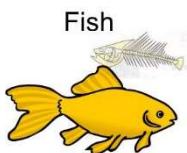


5 animal groups: Amphibians, Mammals, Fish, Reptiles + Birds

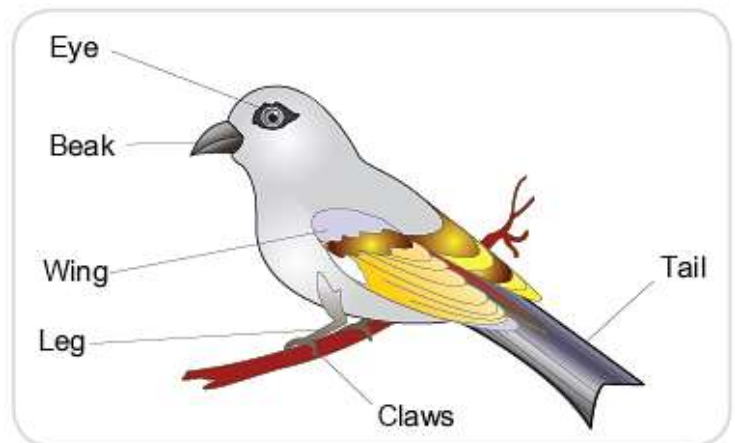


Vertebrates

Click an animal to find out more



Bird diagram:



Experiments:

How do snails change over time?

