

# Knowledge Organiser - Local Area

The London Borough of Hammersmith and Fulham is a London borough located in West London. The two towns were joined together in 1965 to create one borough. Fulham saw industrialisation and urbanisation from the start of the 19th-century, with the establishment of the world's first energy utility company, at Sands End in 1824, followed by road and rail transport development to the east of the borough. The population of Hammersmith and Fulham is 185,400 people. There are 231 hectares of park and open spaces for people to enjoy. The borough has a proud sporting heritage going back to at least the second half of the 19th-century when the Amateur Athletic Association of England came to the Lillie Bridge Grounds, followed there by football, boxing and First-class cricket. Hammersmith and Fulham is also home to three football teams; Chelsea FC, Fulham FC and Queens Park Rangers.



## What should I already know?

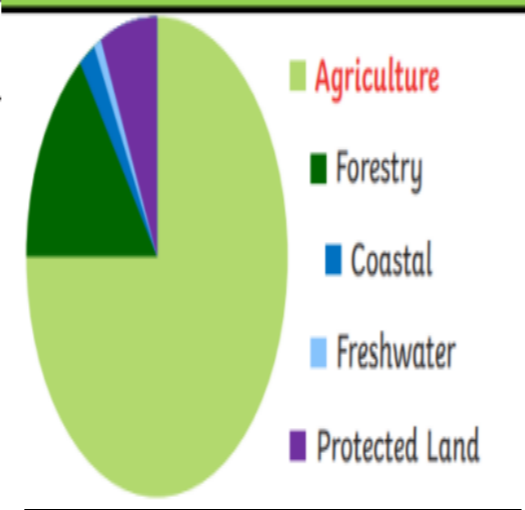
- Hammersmith and Fulham is our borough and is located in London.
- Hammersmith and Fulham has many tube and train stations and bus routes.
- Westfield London was the largest covered shopping centre in the capital.

## Key Vocabulary

1	County	A <b>county</b> in the UK is a large area of land that includes towns and villages. It is used to help organize places and local government. Examples include Yorkshire, Kent, and Cornwall.
2	Facilities	<b>Facilities</b> are places or buildings that people use to help them in daily life. Examples include schools, hospitals, parks, shops, and libraries. They make a place easier and better to live in.
3	Land use	What land is used for, e.g shops, housing
4	Local	<b>Local</b> means something that is nearby or belongs to a particular area. For example, your <b>local</b> shop is the one closest to where you live.
5	Agricultural land	<b>Agricultural land</b> is land used for farming. It is where crops are grown, and animals are raised for food.
6	Recreational land	<b>Recreational land</b> is land used for fun and leisure activities. Examples include parks, playgrounds, sports fields, and nature trails.
7	Residential land	<b>Residential land</b> is land where people live. It includes houses, apartments, and other places where people make their homes.
8	Economic activity	<b>Economic activity</b> is the way people make and use money by working, making things, or providing services. Examples include farming, selling goods in shops, and working in factories or offices.
9	Natural re-	<b>Natural resources</b> are things found in nature that people use. Examples include water, trees, coal, and sunlight. They help us live and make things we need.

## How is land used in the UK?

<p><b>90% of land in the UK is rural.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Housing</li> <li>• Factories</li> <li>• Education</li> <li>• Recreation</li> <li>• Business</li> <li>• Farming</li> </ul>	<p><b>10% of the UK is urban.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Housing</li> <li>• Factories</li> <li>• Education</li> <li>• Recreation</li> <li>• Business</li> <li>• Healthcare</li> <li>• Transport</li> <li>• Retail</li> </ul>
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# Knowledge Organiser - The Ancient Egyptians

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## Significant People and Places

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Insert text here	Insert text here	Insert text here	Insert text here
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## Key Vocabulary

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## Timeline

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